

## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025

Page 1 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	: : : : :	STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN Mixture Mixture FO20030429 solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the sul</u> Product use	bstance :	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION 1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon, Ohio USA 44646
		1 330 837 8679
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. All ingredients are bound in a PVC polymer matrix and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. PVC resin is manufactured from Vinyl Chloride Monomer (VCM). PVC resin manufacturers take special efforts to strip residual VCM from their resins. Residual VCM in the resin is typically below 8.5 ppm. However, VCM is a known carcinogen. The end-user (fabricator) should take necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, local exhaust, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure to any vapors or dusts that may be released during heating or fabrication. See Sections 8 and 11 for special precautions.After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **GHS label elements**

# **AVIENT**

## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 2 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	May cause cancer. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
<u>Precautionary statements</u> Prevention	:	Not applicable. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves,
		protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known. Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20030429

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon black	>= 1 - <= 3	1333-86-4
Titanium dioxide	>= 1 - <= 3	13463-67-7
Quartz	> 0 - <= 0.3	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 3 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recomm exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.	nended
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recomm exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lung	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

# STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 4 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Notes to physician	:	
Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	<ul> <li>Use dry chemical powder.</li> <li>Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.</li> </ul>
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
	4/18



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number	er 1.2
<b>Revision Date</b>	01/01/2025

#### Page 5 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	exposed containers cool. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containmen	nt ar	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 6 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

## **Section 7. Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

# **AVIENT**



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 7 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m <sup>3</sup>
	ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06)
	TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06)
	TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles
	TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust
	OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)
	TWA 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable
	TWA 10 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)
	TWA 30 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
	ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09)
	TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction
	OSHA PEL (2016-06-23)
	TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
Annuonuisto onginoouing ocatasla	Lies only with adapted ventilation. If user operations concrete dust
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust,
	fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust
	ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to
	airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
	The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust
	concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of

# **ÄVIENT**

## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025



Page 8 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

		environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measures			
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.	
Skin protection			
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

# **ÄVIENT**

## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 9 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Physical state	:	solid [Powder.]
Color	:	GREEN
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not applicable.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not applicable.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not applicable.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
-		<b>Kinematic:</b> Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2			
Revision Date 01/01/2025			

Page 10 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

		static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon black				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Irritation/Corrosion		
Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.
Sensitization		
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.



## **STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN**

Version Number 1.2			
<b>Revision Date</b>	01/01/2025		

#### Page 11 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Carbon black	-	2B	-
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-
Quartz (SiO2)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.
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:

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz (SiO2)	Category 1	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

<b>Eye contact</b> : Adverse symptoms may include the follo	wing: irritation, redness
Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the follo	wing: respiratory tract
irritation, coughing	
Skin contact : No specific data.	
Ingestion : No specific data.	

## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025

# **ÀVIENT**

Page 12 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		
<u>Acute toxicity estimates</u> N/A		
Other information	:	This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black			
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025

#### Page 13 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l		Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine w			
	Acute LC	250 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 h
	Acute LC water	250 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.		
Persistence and degradability				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.		
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b> Not available.				
<u>Mobility in soil</u>				
Soil/water partition coefficier (KOC)	nt :	Not available.		
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant	effects or critical hazards.	
Section 13. Disposa	l cons	iderations		
Disnosal methods		The generation of was	te should be avoided or minimize	d wherever

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever Disposal methods possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 14 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed</li> <li>United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine green</li> </ul>
	pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine green 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt Vinyl chloride monomer United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 15 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Ethene, chloro-,	>= 10 - <= 25	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
homopolymer		
Carbon black	>= 1 - <= 3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 1 - <= 3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Quartz (SiO2)	> 0 - <= 0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - inhalation - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Not applicable.

#### **State regulations**



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 16 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: Calcium carbonate Iron oxide
	Carbon black Titanium dioxide
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer Calcium carbonate Phthalocyanine green Iron oxide Carbon black Titanium dioxide Quartz
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: Calcium carbonate Phthalocyanine green
	Thuhaloeyannie green
	Iron oxide
	Carbon black
	Titanium dioxide

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Carbon black	-	-
Titanium dioxide	-	-
Quartz	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.	
Canada inventory	:	At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.	
International regulations Inventory list			
Australia Canada	:	Not determined. At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.	
16/18			



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 17 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

China	:	Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	0
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

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Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.
		17/18



## STAN-TONE VCP-34266 HUNTER GREEN

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 18 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2025

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